

# East Boise Youth Baseball and Softball Rules for Minors and Other Common Rules

# FIELDING

# **Infield Fly**

The infield fly rule will be in effect during games. If there are multiple runners on base in a force situation with less than 2 outs and a pop fly is hit within the infield, the batter is automatically out. The ball is still live, runners can advance at their own risk.

# Force Out vs. Tag Out

Runners can be forced out while advancing to the next base if the previous base is occupied by another runner. If the previous base is not occupied, then the runner must be tagged out by the fielder with the ball or with a glove that holds the ball. The runner cannot be forced out while retreating to an unoccupied base. If two runners occupy the same base and are tagged, the lead runner is considered safe while the following runner is out.

# Tagging Up

A runner can tag up from any base on a caught fly ball if they are in contact with their starting base when the catch is made.

# **Offensive Interference**

Common occurrences of offensive interference and the outcome for each:

- 1. Runner comes in contact with a batted ball. Runner who made contact is ruled out.
- 2. Runner attempts to distract or confuse a fielder, or comes in contact with a fielder while the fielder is attempting a play on a batted ball. Runner is ruled out.

# **Defensive Interference**

Common occurrences of defensive interference and the outcome for each:

- 1. The batter's bat comes in contact with the catcher's glove during his swing. Batter is awarded first base.
- The fielder makes contact with the runner when not actively involved in the play. Runner is awarded the next base.
  Common occurrence of this is a fielder standing on a base for no apparent reason and the runner collides into them while attempting to advance.

# **Out of Play**

The ball is out of play if it enters the dugout or outside the field of play (beyond the perimeter fence). If thrown out of play by the first infielder to touch the ball, the runners are awarded two bases based on their location at the time of the pitch. If the fielder that throws it out of play is not the initial fielder or is an outfielder, the runners are awarded two bases from the time the throw is made.

# **BATTER/RUNNER**

# Strike Zone

This division has the widest strike zone of any division. Pitches that cross the plate from just below the knees to the shoulders of the batter while passing over the plate within a ball's width is considered a strike. Pitches that bounce are hittable, but considered balls regardless of where it crosses the plate.





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### **Batter Contact With Pitch**

Any pitch that hits the batter is considered a hit-by-pitch and the batter is awarded first base. This includes pitches that bounce before the batter and pitches that hit the hands of the batter. This assumes the batter is not swinging at the pitch and the body part hit by the pitch is not extended over the plate. If the batter extends his hand away from his body to catch the pitch (not in a defensive stance) and it hits their hand, it is considered a ball, unless their hand is in the strike zone.

#### Fair Ball vs. Foul Ball

A fair ball is any ball that passes first base or third base on or within the foul lines. The foul line, home plate, first base, and third base are all considered fair territory. If the ball does not pass first or third base, then it must stop moving or must be touched by a fielder before being determined fair or foul.

#### **Base Path**

The runner may run out of the base path to avoid interfering with the fielder or to avoid contact with another player. The runner will be ruled out if they run out of the base path to avoid a tag.

### **Stealing Bases**

Runner is not allowed to lead off any base. Runners may steal second and third base once the ball crosses the plate. Runners cannot steal home, they can only advance to home on a batted ball, a bases loaded walk/hit-by-pitch, or an attempt is made by the catcher to put out the runner at third base.

#### Sliding

There is no requirement to slide at any base, but the runner will be called out if they make malicious contact.

#### **Advancing On Errors**

There are no limitations to base runners advancing on errors if the play started with a batted ball. Examples, a runner can advance home from any base on an error at first base, but cannot advance home on an overthrow from the catcher to the pitcher. Be responsible and respectful with this rule.

#### **Slash Bunts**

No batter is allowed to 'show bunt', pull back, and swing at the ball. One they show bunt, they cannot swing.

#### Dead Ball

The ball is ruled dead and no runners can advance in the following situations:

- 1. The batter hits a ball that comes in contact with his body.
- 2. The batter is hit by the ball.
- 3. A call of interference is made.

# Turning After Running Through First

The batter-runner can turn left or right after running through first base so as long as they don't make a motion towards second base. If they make a motion towards second base, they must retreat to first base without being tagged.

# PITCHING

# **Pitching Limits and Substitutions**

In the Minors division, the pitcher cannot exceed the maximum pitches per day outlined below and must adhere to the





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mandatory rest period. Pitchers with a sore elbow and/or shoulder should not be considered eligible for pitching that day.

PITCHING AND REST REQUIREMENTS				
LEAGUE AGE	DAILY MAX (PITCHES IN GAME/DAY)	MANDATORY REST PERIOD		
		0 DAYS	1 DAY	2 DAYS
7-8	45	1-20	21-35	36+
9-10	55	1-30	31-45	46+

The starting pitcher may return as a pitcher if they have not met their maximum pitches for the day and if they were

originally pulled from the game on the first mound visit or substituted after the completion of an inning.

# Pitcher/Catcher

Players are not allowed to play catcher and throw 30 or more pitches in the same game.

# Balks

Balks are not called or enforced.

# GENERAL

# Game Time and End of Inning

Minors division games have a limit of 6 innings or 2 hours of play, whichever comes first. No new inning may start after 1 hour and 45 minutes of play. The official start time is determined by the time as the first pitch of the game is made. An inning is officially over once the final out is made. If the final out of a full inning is made at 1 hour and 59 minutes, then another full inning can be played.

# **Players Arriving Late or Leaving Early**

If a player arrives late to the game, they can be added to the end of the batting order without penalty. If a player leaves early from the game, for any reason, they are removed from the batting order without penalty.

# Substitutions

Players can be freely substituted in and out of the field to most positions without penalty. Only restrictions for pitching are in place. Refer to the Pitching section above.

# **Run Max Per Inning**

For the first 5 innings, a maximum of 5 runs can be scored in each inning. Once the 5th run crosses the plate, the play is dead and teams switch sides. If the 5th run is scored on a steal at home, the current batter will be the first batter for the next inning. There is no run limit starting with the 6<sup>th</sup> inning.

# 10 Run Rule

A 10 run rule is in effect for all games. If the away team is leading by 10 or more at the end of 4 innings, the game is over. If the home team is leading by 10 or more at the end of 3-1/2 innings, the game is over. If teams wish to continue to play, a winner will be determined by the 10 run rule and they can continue with a scrimmage.

