



East Boise Youth Baseball and Softball

Rules for 10U Minors Softball and Other Common Rules

v1.2

FIELDING

Infield Fly

The infield fly rule will not be in effect during games.

Force Out vs. Tag Out

Runners can be forced out while advancing to the next base if the previous base is occupied by another runner. If the previous base is not occupied, then the runner must be tagged out by the fielder with the ball or with a glove that holds the ball. The runner cannot be forced out while retreating to an unoccupied base. If two runners occupy the same base and are tagged, the lead runner is considered safe while the following runner is out.

Tagging Up

A runner can tag up from any base on a caught fly ball if they are in contact with their starting base when the catch is made.

Offensive Interference

Common occurrences of offensive interference and the outcome for each:

1. Runner comes in contact with a batted ball. Runner who made contact is ruled out.
2. Runner attempts to distract or confuse a fielder, or comes in contact with a fielder while the fielder is attempting a play on a batted ball. Runner is ruled out.

Defensive Interference

Common occurrences of defensive interference and the outcome for each:

1. The batter's bat comes in contact with the catcher's glove during her swing. Batter is awarded first base.
2. The fielder makes contact with the runner when not actively involved in the play. Runner is awarded the next base.
Common occurrence of this is a fielder standing on a base for no apparent reason and the runner collides into them while attempting to advance.

Out of Play

The ball is out of play if it enters the dugout or outside the field of play (beyond the perimeter fence). If thrown out of play by the first infielder to touch the ball, the runners are awarded two bases based on their location at the time of the pitch. If the fielder that throws it out of play is not the initial fielder or is an outfielder, the runners are awarded two bases from the time the throw is made.

Pitcher's Circle

Once the pitcher is within the pitcher's circle with control of the ball, and not making a motion to throw out a runner at a base, then the runners must return to their base.





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BATTER/RUNNER

Strike Zone

This division has the widest strike zone of any division. Pitches that cross the plate from just below the knees to the shoulders of the batter while passing over the plate within a ball's width is considered a strike. Pitches that bounce are hittable, but considered balls regardless of where it crosses the plate.

Batter Contact With Pitch

Any pitch that hits the batter is considered a hit-by-pitch and the batter is awarded first base. This includes pitches that bounce before the batter and pitches that hit the hands of the batter. This assumes the batter is not swinging at the pitch and the body part hit by the pitch is not extended over the plate. If the batter extends her hand away from her body to catch the pitch (not in a defensive stance) and it hits their hand, it is considered a ball, unless their hand is in the strike zone.

Fair Ball vs. Foul Ball

A fair ball is any ball that passes first base or third base on or within the foul lines. The foul line, home plate, first base, and third base are all considered fair territory. If the ball does not pass first or third base, then it must stop moving or must be touched by a fielder before being determined fair or foul.

Base Path

The runner may run out of the base path to avoid interfering with the fielder or to avoid contact with another player. The runner will be ruled out if they run out of the base path to avoid a tag.

Stealing Bases

Runner is not allowed to lead off any base. Runners may steal second and third base once the pitcher releases the ball. Runners cannot steal home, they can only advance to home on a batted ball, a bases loaded walk/hit-by-pitch, or an attempt is made by the catcher to put out the runner at third base.

Sliding

There is no requirement to slide at any base, but the runner will be called out if they make malicious contact.

Advancing On Errors

There are no limitations to base runners advancing on errors if the play started with a batted ball. Examples, a runner can advance home from any base on an error at first base, but cannot advance home on an overthrow from the catcher to the pitcher. Be responsible and respectful with this rule.

Dead Ball

The ball is ruled dead and no runners can advance in the following situations:

1. The batter hits a ball that comes in contact with her body.
2. The batter is hit by the ball.
3. A call of interference is made.





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Slash Bunts

Slash bunts are legal. (Show bunt, pull back, and then swing for a hit)

Turning After Running Through First

The batter-runner can turn left or right after running through first base so as long as they don't make a motion towards second base. If they make a motion towards second base, they must retreat to first base without being tagged.

PITCHING

Pitching Limits and Substitutions

In the 10U Minors division, the pitcher cannot exceed 8 innings per calendar week. The starting pitcher may return as a pitcher if they have not met their maximum innings for the week and if they were originally pulled from the game on the first mound visit or substituted after the completion of an inning.

Coach Assisted Pitching

Coach-assisted pitching will be used when the player pitcher walks more than two batters in a single inning. The coach will then enter the field to pitch to the batter once the batter reaches ball four (the strike count does not reset). Strikes will continue to be counted and the coach may strike out the batter on 3 called strikes. The coach-pitcher must avoid batted balls and not make any attempts to field the batted ball.

GENERAL

Game Time and End of Inning

10U Minors division games have a limit of 6 innings. No new inning may start after 1 hour and 30 minutes of play. The official start time is determined by the time as the first pitch of the game is made. An inning is officially over once the final out is made. If the final out of a full inning is made at 1 hour and 29 minutes, then another full inning can be played.

Players Arriving Late or Leaving Early

If a player arrives late to the game, they can be added to the end of the batting order without penalty. If a player leaves early from the game, for any reason, they are removed from the batting order without penalty.

Substitutions

Players can be freely substituted in and out of the field to most positions without penalty. Only restrictions for pitching are in place. Refer to the Pitching section above.

Run Max Per Inning

A maximum of 5 runs can be scored in each inning. Once the 5th run crosses the plate, the play is dead and teams switch sides. If the 5th run is scored on a steal at home, the current batter will be the first batter for the next inning.

10 Run Rule

A 10 run rule is in effect for all games. If the away team is leading by 10 or more at the end of 4 innings, the game is over. If the home team is leading by 10 or more at the end of 3-1/2 innings, the game is over. If teams wish to continue to play, a winner will be determined by the 10 run rule and they can continue with a scrimmage.

