PROCEDURE
- When the ball passes completely over the defending team's Goal Line and was last touched by an attacking player, and a goal was not scored, it shall be put into play by a kick taken:
  - by a player of the defending team,
  - from a point anywhere within the Goal Area.

OFFSIDE
- The Offside Law does not apply at the taking of a goal kick.

IN PLAY
- The ball shall be stationary.
- The ball is in play when it has been kicked and clearly moves

SECOND TOUCH
- If a player taking a goal kick touches the ball after it has been kicked, but it is touched by another player, an indirect free kick (IFK) shall be awarded to the opposing team.
  - The IFK will be taken from the place where the second touch occurred.

GOAL SCORED
- A goal may be scored directly (first touch) from a goal-kick, but only against the opposing team.
- A team cannot score against itself directly from a goal kick.
- If ball is kicked directly into a team’s own goal, the opposing team will restart play with a corner kick.
LAW 16 – Goal Kick

OPPONENT’S POSITION

- All players of the opposing team shall move and remain outside the Penalty Area until the ball has been kicked and clearly moves.
- The goal kick is to be retaken if an opponent:
  1) is in the Penalty Area or enters the Penalty Area before the ball is in play, and
  2) touches or challenges for the ball before it has touched another player.

➢ EXCEPTION: In the Passers (U-8) and Wings (U-10) divisions all opposing players shall move and remain outside the Build-Out Area until the ball has been kicked and clearly moves [See Law 8].
➢ The goal kick is to be retaken if an opponent:
  1) is in the Build-Out Area or enters the Build-Out Area before the ball is in play, and
  2) touches or challenges for the ball before it has touched another player.